

Certificate of Notice Page 1 of 3
 United States Bankruptcy Court
 Eastern District of Pennsylvania

In re:
 Lori Ann Clemmer
 Debtor

Case No. 17-15809-amc
 Chapter 13

CERTIFICATE OF NOTICE

District/off: 0313-2

User: admin
 Form ID: 3180W

Page 1 of 1
 Total Noticed: 6

Date Rcvd: Jul 31, 2020

Notice by first class mail was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center on Aug 02, 2020.

db
 14213451 Lori Ann Clemmer, 722 Holly Dr, Pottstown, PA 19464-3606
 +MidFirst Bank, Bankruptcy Department, 999 NW Grand Boulevard, #110,
 Oklahoma City, OK 73118-6051

Notice by electronic transmission was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center.

smg E-mail/Text: megan.harper@phila.gov Aug 01 2020 04:43:45 City of Philadelphia,
 City of Philadelphia Law Dept., Tax Unit/Bankruptcy Dept, 1515 Arch Street 15th Floor,
 Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595
 smg E-mail/Text: RSVVCBICNOTICE1@state.pa.us Aug 01 2020 04:42:59
 Pennsylvania Department of Revenue, Bankruptcy Division, P.O. Box 280946,
 Harrisburg, PA 17128-0946
 smg +E-mail/Text: usapae.bankruptcynotices@usdoj.gov Aug 01 2020 04:43:43 U.S. Attorney Office,
 c/o Virginia Powel, Esq., Room 1250, 615 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, PA 19106-4404
 13979022 +E-mail/PDF: OGCRRegionIIIBankruptcy@hud.gov Aug 01 2020 04:47:28
 U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street S.W.,
 Washington, DC 20410-0002

TOTAL: 4

***** BYPASSED RECIPIENTS *****

NONE.

TOTAL: 0

Addresses marked '+' were corrected by inserting the ZIP or replacing an incorrect ZIP.
 USPS regulations require that automation-compatible mail display the correct ZIP.

Transmission times for electronic delivery are Eastern Time zone.

I, Joseph Speetjens, declare under the penalty of perjury that I have sent the attached document to the above listed entities in the manner shown, and prepared the Certificate of Notice and that it is true and correct to the best of my information and belief.

Meeting of Creditor Notices only (Official Form 309): Pursuant to Fed. R. Bank. P. 2002(a)(1), a notice containing the complete Social Security Number (SSN) of the debtor(s) was furnished to all parties listed. This official court copy contains the redacted SSN as required by the bankruptcy rules and the Judiciary's privacy policies.

Date: Aug 02, 2020

Signature: /s/Joseph Speetjens

CM/ECF NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

The following persons/entities were sent notice through the court's CM/ECF electronic mail (Email) system on July 30, 2020 at the address(es) listed below:

JAMES W. ZERILLO on behalf of Debtor Lori Ann Clemmer jameszerillo@gmail.com,
 G28910@notify.cincompass.com
 JILL MANUEL-COUGHLIN on behalf of Creditor CITIMORTGAGE, INC. bankruptcy@powerskirn.com
 POLLY A. LANGDON on behalf of Trustee FREDERICK L. REIGLE ecfmail@readingch13.com
 REBECCA ANN SOLARZ on behalf of Creditor MidFirst Bank bkgroup@kmlawgroup.com
 SCOTT F. WATERMAN (Chapter 13) ECFMail@ReadingCh13.com
 United States Trustee USTPRegion03.PH.ECF@usdoj.gov

TOTAL: 6

Information to identify the case:					
Debtor 1	<u>Lori Ann Clemmer</u>			Social Security number or ITIN	xxx-xx-3618
	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	EIN	__-_____-
Debtor 2	<u></u>			Social Security number or ITIN	____-
(Spouse, if filing)	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	EIN	__-_____-
United States Bankruptcy Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania					
Case number: 17-15809-amc					

Order of Discharge

12/18

IT IS ORDERED: A discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 1328(a) is granted to:

Lori Ann Clemmer

7/30/20

By the court: Ashely M. Chan
United States Bankruptcy Judge

Explanation of Bankruptcy Discharge in a Chapter 13 Case

This order does not close or dismiss the case.

Creditors cannot collect discharged debts

This order means that no one may make any attempt to collect a discharged debt from the debtors personally. For example, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors personally on discharged debts. Creditors cannot contact the debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise in any attempt to collect the debt personally. Creditors who violate this order can be required to pay debtors damages and attorney's fees.

However, a creditor with a lien may enforce a claim against the debtors' property subject to that lien unless the lien was avoided or eliminated. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

This order does not prevent debtors from paying any debt voluntarily. 11 U.S.C. § 524(f).

Most debts are discharged

Most debts are covered by the discharge, but not all. Generally, a discharge removes the debtors' personal liability for debts provided for by the chapter 13 plan.

In a case involving community property: Special rules protect certain community property owned by the debtor's spouse, even if that spouse did not file a bankruptcy case.

Some debts are not discharged

Examples of debts that are not discharged are:

- ◆ debts that are domestic support obligations;
- ◆ debts for most student loans;
- ◆ debts for certain types of taxes specified in 11 U.S.C. §§ 507(a)(8)(C), 523(a)(1)(B), or 523(a)(1)(C) to the extent not paid in full under the plan;

For more information, see page 2

- ◆ debts that the bankruptcy court has decided or will decide are not discharged in this bankruptcy case;
- ◆ debts for restitution, or a criminal fine, included in a sentence on debtor's criminal conviction;
- ◆ some debts which the debtors did not properly list;
- ◆ debts provided for under 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(5) and on which the last payment or other transfer is due after the date on which the final payment under the plan was due;
- ◆ debts for certain consumer purchases made after the bankruptcy case was filed if obtaining the trustee's prior approval of incurring the debt was practicable but was not obtained;

- ◆ debts for restitution, or damages, awarded in a civil action against the debtor as a result of malicious or willful injury by the debtor that caused personal injury to an individual or the death of an individual; and
- ◆ debts for death or personal injury caused by operating a vehicle while intoxicated.

In addition, this discharge does not stop creditors from collecting from anyone else who is also liable on the debt, such as an insurance company or a person who cosigned or guaranteed a loan.

This information is only a general summary of a chapter 13 discharge; some exceptions exist. Because the law is complicated, you should consult an attorney to determine the exact effect of the discharge in this case.